



<b>1. Hydraulic connections</b>
- 1.1 Flow
- 1.2 Return
- 1.11 Flow (optional)
- 1.21 Return (optional)
- 1.3 Domestic hot water flow
- 1.4 Hot water return
- 1.5 Heat source flow
- 1.6 Heat source return
- 1.7 Filling and drain cock
- 1.8 Combined heating/domestic hot water return
<b>2. Feed-throughs/pipes</b>
- 2.1 Feed-through - condensate pipe
- 2.2 Feed-through - electric wire
- 2.11 Feed-through condensate pipe (optional)
- 2.21 Feed-through electric wire (optional)
- 2.5 Condensate drain
- 2.6 Condensate pipe
- 2.7 Electric empty conduit
- 2.8 District heating pipe
<b>3. Transport/operation</b>
- 3.1 Ring bolt for crane transport
- 3.2 Transport tunnel
- 3.3 Transport opening for carrier pipe
- 3.4 Operator side
<b>4. Air circuit</b>
- 4.1 Direction of air flow
- 4.2 Main wind direction with free-standing installation
- 4.3 Air inlet
- 4.4 Air outlet
- 4.31 Air inlet (optional)
- 4.41 Air outlet (optional)
<b>5. Foundation</b>
- 5.1 Foundation
- 5.2 Green field
- 5.3 Earth
- 5.4 Layer of gravel
- 5.5 Frost line
- 5.6 Contact surface floor frame (all-round)

**Notes:**

The condensate pipe must lead to the drainage facilities. The frost line can vary according to the climatic region.

The regulations of the countries in question must be observed. For unprotected free-standing installation, heat pumps without deflector hoods must be installed at right angles to the main wind direction.

Depending on the heat pump type, not all points of the legend are included in the drawing.